

(Internal Drainage Board name) KING'S LYNN INTERNAL DRAINAGE BOARD**Notice of appointment of date for the exercise of electors' rights****Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2012**

Audit Commission Act 1998, Sections 15 and 16, and the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011 (SI 2011/817)

<p>1. Date of announcement: 11 June 2012 (a)</p> <p>2. Each year the Board's Annual Return is audited by an auditor appointed by the Audit Commission. Any person interested has the right to inspect the accounts and make copies of the Annual Return and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers and receipts relating to the accounting statements. For the year ended 31 March 2012 these documents will be available on reasonable notice on application to:</p> <p>(b) <u>MR. P. J. CAMAMILE</u> <u>CHIEF EXECUTIVE</u> <u>WATER MANAGEMENT ALLIANCE</u> <u>KETTREWELL HOUSE, AUSTIN FIELDS IND. ESTATE</u> <u>KING'S LYNN PE30 1PH</u> <u>TEL: 01553 819600</u></p> <p>commencing on (c) 25 June 2012</p> <p>and ending on (d) 20 July 2012 <i>Between the hours of 09:30 and 16:30, Monday to Friday</i></p> <p>3. Local Government Electors and their representatives also have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the opportunity to question the auditor about the accounts; and the right to make objections to the accounts or any item in them. Written notice of an objection must first be given to the auditor and a copy sent to the Board. <p>The auditor can be contacted at the address in paragraph 4 below for this purpose on 24 July 2012 (e) and after that date will be available at the address given in paragraph 4 below until the audit has been completed.</p> <p>4. The audit is being conducted under the provisions of the Audit Commission Act 1998, the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011 and the Audit Commission's Code of Audit Practice. Your audit is being carried out by:</p> <p>Mazars LLP, Regency House, 3 Grosvenor Square, Southampton SO15 2BE</p> <p>5. This announcement is made by (f) <u>P. J. CAMAMILE</u> <u>CHIEF EXECUTIVE</u></p>	<p>(a) Insert date of placing of the notice which must be not less than <u>14 days</u> before the date in (c) below</p> <p>(b) Insert name, position and contact details of the Clerk or other person to whom any person may apply to inspect the accounts</p> <p>(c) Insert date, which must be at least <u>14 days</u> after the date of announcement in (a) above and at least <u>21 working days</u> before the date appointed for audit in (e) below</p> <p>(d) The inspection period between (c) and (d) must be <u>20 working days</u> and (d) must be at least <u>one working day</u> before the date appointed for audit in (e) below.</p> <p>(e) This must be at least <u>one working day</u> after the end of the inspection period (d). Amend as necessary if period for display of notice and inspection period cannot be completed by 23 July 2012</p> <p>(f) Insert name and position of person placing the notice</p>
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Internal Drainage Boards' Accounts: A Summary of Your Rights

The basic position

By law any interested person has the right to inspect the Board's accounts. If you are entitled and registered to vote in local council elections in any local authority within the area served by the Board, then you (or your representative) also have the right to ask the appointed auditor questions about the Board's accounts or challenge an item of account contained within them.

The right to inspect the accounts

When your Board has finalised its accounts for the previous financial year it must advertise that they are available for people to inspect. Having given reasonable notice of your intentions, you then have 20 working days to look through the accounts and supporting documents. You will be able to make copies of the accounts and most of the relevant documents from your Board. You will probably have to pay a copying charge.

The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounts

You can only ask the appointed auditor questions about the accounts. The auditor does not have to answer questions about the Board's policies, finances, procedures or anything else not related to the accounts. Your question must be about the accounts that they are auditing. The auditor does not have to say whether they think something the Board has done, or an item in its accounts, is lawful or reasonable.

The right to object to the accounts

If you think that the Board has spent money that they shouldn't have, or that someone has caused a loss to the Board deliberately or by behaving irresponsibly, you can object to the external auditor by sending a formal 'notice of objection', **which must be in writing** to the address below. You must tell the auditor why you are objecting. The auditor must reach a decision on your objection. If you are not happy with that decision, you can appeal to the courts.

You may also object if you think that there is something in the accounts that the auditor should discuss with the Board or tell the public about in a 'public interest report'. Again, **you must give your reasons in writing** to the auditor at the address below. In this case, the auditor must decide whether to take any action. The auditor will normally, but does not have to, give reasons for their decision and you cannot appeal to the courts. Your rights are summarised, and a helpful flowchart and objection pro forma are available from the Audit Commission website (see contact details below).

You may not use this 'right to object' to make a personal complaint or claim against your Board. You should take these complaints to your local Citizens' Advice Bureau, local Law Centre, your solicitor or the Local Government Ombudsman who may be contacted via www.lgo.org.uk/

What else you can do

Instead of objecting, you can give the auditor information that is relevant to their responsibilities. For example, you can simply tell the auditor if you think that something is wrong with the accounts or about waste and inefficiency in the way the Board runs its services. You do not have to follow any set time limits or procedures. The auditor does not have to give you a detailed report of their investigation, but they will usually tell you the outcome.

A final word

All internal drainage boards, and so local taxpayers, must meet the costs of dealing with questions and objections. When the auditor decides whether to take your objection further, one of a series of factors they must take into account includes the costs that will be involved. They will only continue with the objection if it is in the public interest to do so. If you appeal to the courts, you might have to pay for the action yourself.

Who should you contact?

Copies of the Audit Commission publication *Councils' Accounts – Your Rights* are available by calling FREEPHONE 0800 502030 and quoting reference LCM3351 or download from the Audit Commission website at <http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/SiteCollectionDocuments/Downloads/councilsaccounts202006.pdf>

If you wish to contact your Board's appointed external auditor please write to:

Stephen Christopher
Partner
Mazars LLP
Regency House
3 Grosvenor Square
SOUTHAMPTON, SO15 2BE